

Moderators' Report/ Principal Moderator Feedback

January 2024

Pearson Edexcel Extended Project Qualification in Dissertation (P301)

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January 2024
Publications Code P301_01_2401_ER
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Student Performance

At the upper end of the mark range, work of impressive maturity was seen, with strong and consistent academic style. Weaker performance was seen in cases where the choice of title lent itself to descriptive writing rather than engagement in argument and debate.

The foundation of a successful Dissertation is the research process. Some strong project work made effective use of a literature review to produce a synthesised analysis of source material, with in-depth investigation and good quality referencing. Weaker projects tended to include less effective source investigation, sometimes in the form of a list of sources with superficial evaluative comments. Learners should be encouraged to explore links between sources, rather than reviewing sources one at a time. Integrated evaluation of sources into the dissertation itself, perhaps using footnotes or endnotes, is preferable to submitting a separate document containing source evaluations.

Organising the components of the Dissertation into a single document can encourage learners to review their work as a whole and thus strengthen links between sections. It also considerably eases the process of reviewing projects at moderation stage.

Having a clear central focus for a Dissertation is important in distinguishing the work from a standard essay. The point of a Dissertation is to provide a research-based answer to a specific, open-ended question. In the best Dissertations, a focused title emerges through a process of reflection and refinement of initial ideas.

Detailed guidance for learners is available in the form of on demand student webinars at the following address: <u>Student webinars | Future Ready | Pearson UK</u>

Suitability of Work Submitted

The majority of submissions included project proposal forms and activity logs with evidence of ongoing planning and ongoing monitoring at the upper end of the range. The strongest projects were based on titles that had been refined to support engagement in argument, with weaker projects using titles that lacked focus. Occasionally titles were not in the form of questions. Many learners made use of a range of sources and included bibliographies and references in their work. There was in general an appreciation of the importance of engaging in argument and counter-argument. The majority submitted evidence of oral presentations, including slides, and many, though not all, accompanied this with an evaluation of the project process.

Some lengthy Dissertations were submitted. Centres are reminded that it is estimated that the Dissertation will be 5000–6000 words in length. Learners should be encouraged to proofread their work and consider if the quality of the Dissertation would be improved as a result of editing. Whilst the normal length of 5000-6000 words can be exceeded, if necessary, given the

technical requirements of the topic being explored, excessive length can make it difficult to meet the AO2 criterion of 'concise links' and may also make it less likely that the AO3 criterion of relevance is met.

Assessment Evidence

In general, much of the marking by teacher-assessors showed evidence of good understanding of how to apply the marking grids.

AO1 was often marked accurately although there was leniency in cases where there was not sufficient evidence of ongoing monitoring of the project process. Some activity logs were very reflective and thoughtful, but some learners wrote short, basic logs, listing activities completed rather than reflecting on problems encountered and solutions found. Successful projects will include specific objectives, well-developed rationales and clearly developed plans that make it possible for there to be ongoing monitoring of the process.

In AO2, many learners presented bibliographies using a consistent format. In some cases, bibliographies were simply lists of weblinks. Automatic bibliography-building tools can be used to assist with reference construction.

Primary research was sometimes used in ways that were inappropriate; it is difficult within the framework of the Dissertation unit to make use of questionnaire surveys in a rigorous fashion, though interviews can provide source material for discussion.

The evaluation of sources was not always strong. Learners should be encouraged to investigate their sources, establishing details about authorship or location of publication that can shed light on the source's objectivity and reliability. Comments about how useful a source is do not meet the requirements of AO2 with respect to consideration of reliability.

In AO3, some excellent work was seen at the top end of the mark range, with evidence of indepth, scholarly engagement with source material with the development of argument and counter-argument or the consideration of alternative interpretations. The presence of features of effective written presentation and the use of an appropriate academic style of communication were seen in the stronger projects.

In weaker projects, the presentation of work was more essay-like and showed less evidence of the features of a Dissertation. The choice of title for the Dissertation is crucial, in that titles should lead into the exploration of argument and counter-argument or alternative interpretations.

To support AO4 marks, most centres submitted Oral Presentation Records alongside written evaluations of the project process. Some learners did not include detailed written evidence of evaluation of the project process and made some points on their slides. It is important that evaluation evidence is sufficiently detailed to meet mark band descriptors. Focused, thoughtful, perceptive evaluations, which comment in detail about the extent to which aims

were met, limitations, possible alterations and lessons learned, citing specific examples, are more valuable than superficial judgements about strengths and weaknesses. The best written evaluations address personal lessons learned and include in-depth evaluation of the quality of academic work in the dissertation.

Centres are reminded that the evidence for AO4 (Review) comes from both the presentation and the evaluation of the project process. The quality of both of these should be considered when an AO4 mark is assigned.

Centre Performance

Whilst some centres collated all work into a single document and uploaded it as a pdf, others presented a large number of separate files, sometimes in a variety of formats. Compiling the elements of a Dissertation is preferable to submitting multiple separate sections.

Some submissions contained errors in the totaling of marks. There were also submissions that did not contain the requisite sample. Centres are reminded that, provided the cohort is large enough, at least 10 projects should be submitted for moderation, even if the initially requested sample is smaller than 10, and that this must include the projects with the highest and lowest marks.

Careful checking of the accuracy of marking and the completeness of the evidence submitted, including signatures from learners and teacher-assessors, greatly aids the moderation process.